

HIS ARMY MAY FAIL THE CZAR

Even Imperial Guard Is Fast Weakening.

WITTE AND TREPPOFF WASTE PRECIOUS MOMENTS IN DISPUTE

Soldiers and Sailors Espouse Cause of Freedom and Even Cossacks May Turn Against Government.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—While the day passed off quietly and without any bloodshed in the Russian capital, today's developments all indicate that a crisis is imminent. Although the streets are filled with troops and reinforcements now pouring in from Finland, the government seems utterly powerless to cope with the situation, and many observers seem to believe that the present regime is tottering to its fall.

Differences have developed between Count Witte and General Trepoff and while the precious moments pass, the emperor surrounded by the imperial family, remains shut up at Peterhof seemingly still hesitating as to what course to pursue.

Grave doubts are expressed as to whether even the imperial guard can now be relied upon. Discontent is rife. This morning the fourteenth and eighteenth regiments of the guard, who have been closely confined in barracks on the Moska canal, demolished the windows and furniture, and in the afternoon a detachment consisting of four officials of the guard went to the lawyers' assembly and told the barristers that many of the officers and a large part of the troops were disgusted with the government and were ready to enlist in the movement for freedom. They asked for aid towards effecting an organization and said they had discussed among themselves the question of resigning, but decided to show that people in uniform could help achieve liberty. Even the Cossack patrols in keeping riders moving their whips and simply drove the crowd along before their advancing horses.

At Kharkoff, order was restored only after the governor had formally instructed the troops not to fire, and upon the demand of the "Black Head" at Revel the soldiers were sent out of the city and the place left in charge of the local militia, which had been organized by the citizens.

Interest centers in Moscow.

Most interesting by far, however, is the news from Moscow, the Russian capital, where, according to private reports, the municipal council and the committee of public safety are sitting continuously and where a struggle is momentarily expected between the "League of Russian Patriots," a reactionary organization led by priests, and newly organized militia and students. The Moscow municipal council is now expected to have an ultimatum to the emperor demanding promulgation of a constitution.

Although it is impossible to officially confirm these reports, they seem to admit of no doubt that the government forces have the upper hand.

The government is no longer in communication with the forces in the far east, except by cable by way of China.

The situation cannot well be exaggerated. With the present indecision of the emperor the government has neither head nor policy to meet the crisis and this is evident in its attitude toward anarchy. The revolutionists openly declare that the government has ceased to exist, and that nothing remains to his majesty except to abdicate. With a few exceptions, the army and a national policy, however, all might quickly be changed.

The strikers apparently are without funds and must soon be exhausted as was made evident by the action of the strike committee here being forced to hold up the city for food.

Troops are Everywhere.

Representatives of the Associated Press drove through all sections of the city today. Troops are everywhere in evidence as if to overawe the people, but although there were many rumors of bloody collisions none of them could be authenticated.

There were great crowds of workmen in the industrial quarters, but their behavior was orderly.

All the military reserves are kept closely in barracks under arms and at the horse guard barracks back of General Trepoff's chancellery, the horses are kept constantly saddled, ready to emerge at a moment's notice.

cr. Germany and executed here through social democratic organizations in which representatives of the workmen and students are equally active. The organization is able to sway the great student body through its student members and everywhere to-day the students were seen mingling with the workmen and taking an active part in their movement.

EMPEROR WILL ISSUE ANOTHER MANIFESTO TODAY

London, Oct. 29.—The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphing Sunday night, says: "I am informed that the emperor has just accepted the liberal program appointed Count Witte premier, and given legislative powers to the representative assembly, allowing representatives from all sections of the population to be elected to it and abolishing martial law throughout the empire. I am further informed that the emperor will issue a manifesto to the people tomorrow."

In earlier dispatches the Daily Telegraph's correspondent describes the emperor like "a ball of gunpowder fallen from a height and shattered into little globules," and Russia as having become "an archipelago of political islands, each independent of the others, all dealing with public affairs with hardly any reference to the will of the once all-powerful monarch."

"Anti-monarchical sentiments," the correspondent goes on to say, "which could have been a terrible crime two months ago, are now in everybody's mouth. The Russian people, suddenly educated by events and sobered by the sense of responsibility, is able, stilling and determined henceforth to manage its affairs in its own way and without interference from above."

"My belief is that if the authorities abstain from violence the strike will terminate next week because the socialists are waiting till the end of the year for an armed insurrection, when they will be fully prepared."

SITUATION BECOMES INTENSE IN ODESSA

Odesa, Oct. 29.—The feeling is most intense. Rifle and revolver firing is heard all about town.

FATHER GAPON LEAVES SWEDEN FOR RUSSIA

Stockholm, Oct. 29.—It is reported that the Russian priest, Father Gapon, who was active in the troubles at St. Petersburg in January of this year, has left Christiania for the continent.

MILITARY SEIZURE THE GENERAL TELEGRAPH OFFICE

St. Petersburg, (Monday) Oct. 30.—At 1 o'clock this morning an official detachment of military troops entered the general telegraph office and service was partly resumed.

NINETEEN WOUNDED IN RIOTS AT MOSCOW

Moscow, Oct. 29.—Nineteen wounded men have been brought to the university hospital as the result of an encounter between students and police. The governor-general has issued a proclamation warning the royalists who wish to attack the liberals that this will not be permitted. At one point the rioters held the streets of food are mounting higher and higher.

RIOTS COMPLETE THROUGHOUT CAUCASUS

THIS, Oct. 29.—Complete disorder reigns here. There is rifle fire directed against the patrols in many cities. A bomb was thrown at a policeman late this afternoon.

A military train has been derailed outside the city and a number of Cossacks have been killed.

The city is in complete anarchy. All the streets and squares are full of Cossacks and police. The citizens have formed a committee for public defense.

COSSACKS BEGIN FIRING ON ODESSA MOBS

Odesa, Oct. 29.—Cossack troops have commenced firing on the crowds of workmen and students, who had barricaded the street corners with street railway poles and furniture.

All the streets and squares are full of Cossacks and police. The citizens have formed a committee for public defense.

WASHINGTON WORRIED OVER RUSSIAN CRISIS

Washington, Oct. 29.—The condition of affairs in Russia formed the subject of a dispatch received at the state department today from Spencer Eddy, the American charge at St. Petersburg, who said the situation was very alarming. The dispatch was the subject of long conference between Secretary Root, who returned to the city from New York early in the evening, and Mr. Bacon, the first assistant secretary, who has been acting as head of the state department during Mr. Root's absence. Mr. Eddy asked the department for further instructions to meet any eventualities which might arise out of the condition of affairs as they now exist in St. Petersburg, and late in the evening these were cable to him. One feature of these covers the question of protection to Americans residing in St. Petersburg in case of a general uprising, which might endanger their lives. In the event of an outbreak they will be recorded the protection of the American legation until further arrangements can be made for their accommodation if such be found necessary. It is not believed by the state department officials that there is any great number of Americans in St. Petersburg, as most of the tourists have left the country in anticipation of the winter season. Such as may be in the interior it is thought are not in any danger.

RUMOR SAYS 27 ARE DEAD IN ODESSA

London, Oct. 29.—News to a news agency from Odesa says there have been two serious conflicts between troops and a mob in which twenty-seven persons were killed and ninety wounded.

The dispatch adds that quiet was restored at 7 o'clock this evening.

A meeting of the municipal council was held this evening at which a deputation of thirty members of the strikers' committee appeared. In an impassioned speech the leader of the deputation presented the following demands of the workmen and affiliated organizations:

1.—Constitutional and political liberty.

2.—The city furnish food for the workmen.

3.—That the city refuse further supplies to troops or police.

4.—That the troops be removed from the water works or otherwise the strikers would cut the water supply.

5.—Immunity of the deputation from arrest.

The council granted the last demand and promised to reply to the other demands tomorrow.

THE GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR, ELDEST OF THE AUTOCRATS, WHO HAS SERVED THREE EMPERORS OF RUSSIA—AND HIS FAMILY.



THE GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR (UNCLE TO THE CZAR) AND HIS FAMILY

NORWAY MUST REMAIN A LIBERAL MONARCHY

Christiania, Oct. 29.—The astonishing fact until a late hour Saturday night discussing the constitution. M. Honow, radical leader, on behalf of the republicans, declared that the government's refusal to a plebiscite would diminish respect for the storied government responsibility. Foreign minister Loveland said a republican constitution could be introduced as valuable as a monarchial constitution, but he pointed out that

Norway being a well established constitutional monarchy, generations of labor will be necessary to work out republican institutions.

Continuation as a monarchy, he added, would be the logical result of the policy of June 7, when the storied dissolved the union between Sweden and Norway, and that otherwise Norway's position would be hazardous.

Minister of Commerce Arander said this policy would be defeated.

where several persons were wounded, and in the Opatow district, where a policeman was killed and the chief of police wounded.

SERGEANT OF POLICE KILLED IN KIEFF

Kieff, Oct. 29.—Several Cossacks who refused to fire on the crowd during the recent disturbances have been arrested.

A sergeant of police was killed and another policeman was wounded during the search of a room in the hotel today. Many revolvers and cartridges were found in the room.

Bloodshed at Riga

Riga, Russia, Oct. 29.—There were several encounters today between dragoons and mobs. The dragoons were the heaviest force on the streets. The situation is growing worse.

Strike on Finnish Railway

Helsingfors, Oct. 29.—A strike has been proclaimed on the Finnish railway from St. Petersburg to the frontier station at Valka.

THREE BADLY MANGLED IN RALEIGH FIRE

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 29.—Three persons were seriously injured, one of them perhaps fatally, one of whom subsequently died, and probably a dozen others had narrow escapes from the flames in a fire that destroyed the priest's house at the Nazareth orphanage, a Catholic institution three miles from Raleigh last night. Fire broke out between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning and spread rapidly. Twelve persons escaped by jumping from the second and third story windows. Evelyn Buffalo, aged 13, and John Glavish, aged 15, were hurled in the flames on top of the building forty-five feet above ground. Timothy Wallace, of New York, who has been studying for the priesthood, climbed a buttress of the burning structure and jumped from the windows thirty feet to the ground, but was not seriously injured. The property loss is \$25,000.

ENTERPRISE FAILURE WORST ON RECORD

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAY EVERY ASSET WAS BORROWED OR STOLEN.

Baltimore, Pa., Oct. 29.—The Post tomorrow will say: "If every penny of the 100 per cent assessment against the stock of the Enterprise National bank is paid, the depositors will not get more than ten cents on the dollar. That is the opinion of the federal reserve board, which is the opinion of the federal reserve board, which is the opinion of the federal reserve board."

"Surrendering facts as to the extent of the failure have developed. Department officials brand it as the 'worst wreck on record.' Not only does it appear that every asset of the institution was borrowed or stolen, but that through the re-hypothecation of notes and securities the bank owes in excess of everything it ever had."

Bomb Kills Policemen

Gomel, Russia, Oct. 29.—A bomb was thrown against the police headquarters today and two policemen were killed.

Police Stop Pilgrims

Rostov-on-Don, Russia, Oct. 29.—Strikers and reactionaries are fighting here. Attempts to pillage the Jewish synagogues and houses were stopped by the police.

SPOILS RIOTS KEEP POLAND ON QUI VIVE

Warsaw, Oct. 29.—Employees of the Vienna railroad have resolved to continue the strike until political liberties are granted.

The governor has forbidden the publication of even official news concerning the situation in Russia. The authorities acknowledge the situation is extremely serious. All manufacturers left the city today. The theatres are closed and no newspapers are being published.

The workmen in all the factories at Rostov, Kieff, and Kalisz have struck. Disturbances have occurred at Lodz.

GRAFTERS GOT SIX MILLIONS RAILROADS FIGHTING BITTERLY

Out of Public Works in City of Philadelphia. Against Rate Regulation and the Canal.

WEAVER'S INVESTIGATION BOARD SUBMITS REPORT

Engineers Show That Through Overcharge and Collusive Bids Contractors Have Realized \$6,300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 29.—The report of the board of investigating engineers appointed last July by Mayor Weaver to examine the filtration system of the city and northeast and southern boulevards now under construction, which report was submitted to the mayor yesterday was made public today. It is signed by Major Cassius E. Gillette, of the United States engineer corps, who investigated the Savannah harbor frauds, and John Donald McLennan, of Washington, D. C. The report shows that up to date the city has lost through excessive costs, collusive bids, illegal overcharges and in other ways the sum of \$6,300,000. Contractors who received most of the more than \$18,000,000 that have been expended on improvements are D. J. McNeel and company, James J. Ryan and John A. Kelley and Vore Brothers. The members of the McNeel firm are Israel W. Durham, leader of the republican organization; I. P. McNeel, city leader and the latter's brother Daniel. The Vore firm is made up of State Senator George A. Vore and Edwin R. Vore. Their brother, William S. Vore, is recorder of deeds. The officials held responsible by the report for some of the conditions in connection with the filtration system are William C. Hadcock, who was director of public works under Mayor Ashbridge; Peter A. Castello, director of public works under Mayor Weaver until last May, when the mayor dismissed him, and John W. Hill, former chief of the bureau of filtration, who is awaiting trial on charges of fraud and falsification of records in connection with the construction of the filtration system.

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 29.—Interest has again reverted to railway rate legislation and the coming tug of war between those in the white house and in congress who are determined that there shall be some form of federal control of those great interstate roadways, and the corporations which represent these roadways and which appear blindly determined to oppose what they consider mischievous interference.

The canal question is another of the first importance, and interest in this greatest of all public works has been freshened by the president's speeches and the report of the commission just returned from Panama. To be exact the canal commission has not reported and has given it out that it will not report until it makes its formal report to the president. But individual commissioners have slipped their gags sufficiently to let us know what they will report. It is now known that the canal can be built in less than ten years and that its cost will be increased at least fifty millions of dollars through the senseless application of the eight-hour day law to the work of the Jamaican negroes, who, according to the report of one of the commissioners, do only about one-fourth the work that a laborer would be expected to do in the climate of the United States. There appears to be a strong inclination to be the digging of the canal out to sea and to let out different sections of the work to sub-contractors. It would doubtless be a very attractive work for some of the huge contracting concerns of the United States, and it would probably be economical for the government to have the work done in this way. The government clerical force everywhere is so dainty, so enmeshed in red tape and so hampered by politics, that it seems impossible for it to get anything done at a reasonable price, even outside or inside the United States.

NO HOPE OF SAVING SPANISH CRUISER

NAVAL AUTHORITIES ABANDON EFFORTS TO REPAIR CARDENAS CRUISER.

Ferrol, Spain, Oct. 29.—The naval authorities have given up hope of saving the armament and hull of the Spanish armored cruiser Cardenaz, which sank yesterday near Manila. The vessel is lying in a had position in eighty feet of water.

At the time of the accident the Cardenaz, owing to the fog, was proceeding slowly and taking soundings. The vessel struck an uncharted rock with terrific violence. An enormous rent was made in her bow through which the water rushed in great volume. The ship began to sink rapidly. The crew were called to quarters and observed perfect discipline. They launched eight boats, but these were not sufficient to take off the entire complement of 540 men. The remainder were rescued under difficult conditions by a steam trawler and several fishing smacks that stood by. The ship disappeared in less than forty minutes.

KILLED WHILE WAITING TO BE INITIATED

INTERSTATE COMMERCE SENATOR KENYON COLLEGE FRESHMAN MANGLED BY TRAIN WHILE IN HANDS OF FRATERNITY MEN.

Gambler, Ohio, Oct. 29.—Steward L. Pierson, a freshman at Kenyon college was killed by a train last night while waiting initiation in the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity.

According to the statement of members of the fraternity, Pierson had been told to station himself at the foot of an abutment of the railroad bridge and await the coming of the committee to take him to the fraternity house. When they went to the spot at 10 o'clock Pierson was not in sight. A search revealed the student's mangled body on the railroad bridge lying on the track. How he came to be on the bridge the students are at a loss to understand. It was asserted today that Pierson had been told by the railroad track by the initiators, but that Pierson men emphatically deny that this was done or even contemplated.

Young Pierson was a son of L. N. Pierson, a business man of Cincinnati. Pierson, Sr., is a member of Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity, and has some here to attend the initiation of his son. Pierson has notified members of the fraternity that he does not attach any blame to them.

ROOSEVELT ADDRESSES SAILORS ON CRUISER

DESPITE HEAVY SEAS SQUADRON BREAKS NAVAL RECORD OFF GEORGIA COAST.

United States Flagship West Virginia, Off Savannah, Ga., Oct. 29.—A strong breeze from the northwest has picked up a heavy sea, but notwithstanding these unfavorable circumstances, the squadron has maintained an average speed of 20 knots from Jupiter light to the present point, thus breaking all records for any squadron in our navy. This morning the entire crew was mustered at and the president delivered a short address to them. President Roosevelt spent the most of the day on the forward bridge with Admiral Brownson.

Leno to Set Sail.

Vallejo, Cal., Oct. 29.—Orders were received at Mare Island today that the Russian cruiser Leno was to leave the yard at high tide tomorrow noon for San Francisco harbor, where she will be detained no longer than Sunday, taking on the necessary stores for her voyage to Vladivostok. A farewell dinner was given aboard the ship yesterday by the officers of the Leno to some of their Vallejo friends.

The coaling of the vessel, under the direction of the yard authorities, was finished yesterday, 3,025 tons in all being taken on board.